

ACT Consortium at ECTMIH, September 6-10, 2015

Monday 7th September

Scientific session

Answering key questions on malaria drug delivery – the importance of diagnostics (Room: Singapore)

1:30 – 2:00 PM Improving malaria treatment and control through enhanced diagnostic practice

David Schellenberg, London School of Hygiene & Tropical Medicine

2:00 – 2:15 PM Impact of malaria rapid diagnostic tests on patient care: results from the ACT Consortium

Katia Bruxvoort, London School of Hygiene & Tropical Medicine

2:15 – 2:30 PM Effects of introducing malaria rapid diagnostic tests in drug shops: findings from the evaluation of a cluster randomised trial in Uganda

Sian Clarke, London School of Hygiene & Tropical Medicine

Poster speed talks

Diseases of poverty (Room: Kairo 2)

11:05-11:10 AM Diagnosing latent tuberculosis with interferon-gamma release assays in patients with concurrent malaria infection in Tanzania

Lasse Vestergaard, University of Copenhagen

11:25 – 11:30 AM Impact of malaria rapid diagnostic tests on patients' subsequent treatment-seeking, costs and health outcomes: results from the ACT Consortium

Heidi Hopkins, London School of Hygiene & Tropical Medicine

Poster Session 1

12:00-1:30 PM (Hall 4.1)

Mapping fever aetiologies in malaria-endemic areas: an interactive, open-access, on-line map (Poster 1.021)

Heidi Hopkins, London School of Hygiene & Tropical Medicine

Disseminating research findings to inform malaria policy: examples from the ACT Consortium (Poster 1.022)

Débora Miranda, London School of Hygiene & Tropical Medicine

Explaining wide variation in malaria rapid diagnostic test uptake and adherence to test results: a multi-project analysis (Poster 1.025)

Helen Burchett, London School of Hygiene & Tropical Medicine

Tuesday 8th September

Scientific session: Novel approaches for clinical trial design for poverty related diseases (Room: Shanghai 1)

3:30 – 4:00 PM Co-ordinated malaria research for better policy and practice: the role of research consortia

David Schellenberg, London School of Hygiene & Tropical Medicine

Poster speed talks session: Health and social systems (Room: Kairo 1)

1:55 – 2:00 PM Health facility caseload changes during the introduction of community case management of malaria in South Western Uganda – an interrupted time series approach

Sham Lal, London School of Hygiene & Tropical Medicine

2:10 – 2:15 PM Modelling the cost-effectiveness of introducing malaria rapid diagnostic tests in the private for-profit sector

David Bath, London School of Hygiene & Tropical Medicine

2:40 – 2:45 PM Referral from community health workers: evidence from cluster randomized trials of mRDTs in two areas of high and low malaria transmission in Uganda

Sham Lal, London School of Hygiene & Tropical Medicine

Wednesday 9th September

Scientific session: Surveillance of substandard and falsified medicines (Room: Singapore)

11:45-12:00 PM Systematic Sampling Approach Reveals Fewer Falsified First Line Antimalarials than Previously Reported

Harparkash Kaur, London School of Hygiene & Tropical Medicine

Other research presented by ACT Consortium members

Monday 7th September

10:30-10:50 AM Introduction and context (Session: Antimalarials - advances in field monitoring programs; Room: Montreal) – *Wilfred Mbacham, University of Yaoundé, Cameroon*

3:45-3:55 PM Research capacity strengthening and knowledge management for health teams towards improvement in disease control in Ghana: Ghana RCS4FIVE (Session: Implementation research – key to effectiveness; Room: San Francisco) – *Evelyn Ansah, Ghana Health Service*

Thursday 10th September

10:30-10:45 AM Seasonal malaria chemoprevention combined with micronutrient supplementation delivered through community preschools: findings from a cluster randomized trial in Mali (Session: Malaria Control; Room: Shanghai 2) – *Sian Clarke, London School of Hygiene & Tropical Medicine*