



GLOBAL MALARIA
PROGRAMME



Improving malaria case management : quality RDTs in the private sector and a future “road map”

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Global Technical Strategy (2016-2030) - endorsed by WHA, 2015

- Pillar 1. Ensure universal access to malaria prevention, diagnosis and treatment
- Pillar 2. Accelerate efforts towards elimination and attainment of malaria-free status
 - all countries should intensify efforts to eliminate the disease, especially in areas with low transmission.
 - new tools and approaches are expected to become available that will help to target the infectious parasite reservoir in humans.
- Pillar 3. Transform malaria surveillance into a core intervention

Supporting element 2. Strengthening the enabling environment

- Strong political and financial commitments
- Multisectoral approaches, and cross-border and regional collaborations
- **Stewardship of entire health system including the private sector, with strong regulatory support**
- Capacity development for both effective programme management and research

Vision – A world free of malaria			
Goals	Milestones		Targets
	2020	2025	2030
1. Reduce malaria mortality rates globally compared with 2015	≥40%	≥75%	≥90%
2. Reduce malaria case incidence globally compared with 2015	≥40%	≥75%	≥90%
3. Eliminate malaria from countries in which malaria was transmitted in 2015	At least 10 countries	At least 20 countries	At least 35 countries
4. Prevent re-establishment of malaria in all countries that are malaria-free	Re-establishment prevented	Re-establishment prevented	Re-establishment prevented

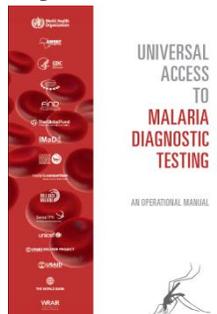
Pillar 1

- Universal access and provider-vendor adherence with the WHO malaria management policy to:
 - i. test with quality assured RDTs (or microscopy) prior to treatment;
 - ii. treat RDT positive cases with quality artemisinin-combination treatments;
 - iii. manage RDT negative cases* according to national guidelines.

** Many variables – age, geography, seasonality, availability of antibiotics; alternative diagnostic testing; referral networks, pre and post market controls on diagnostic testing and sale of medicines*

How to get there ?

- WHO will assist governments and their partners in strengthening their stewardship of the entire health system through effective engagement with the private sector in malaria case management
- WHO will assist in the adaptation of national malaria strategic plans to include health sector wide coordinated activities for the sustainable implementation of quality assured malaria rapid diagnostic tests (RDTs).
 - one plan not one for public and one for private



Roadmap outline

DIAGRAM REDACTED PENDING APPROVAL FOR PUBLIC POSTING
-hh, 7 Jan 2016

Learning by doing & evidence review

Roadmap will provide

- i. general stepwise guidance;
- ii. case studies and a tool kit and;
- iii. specific recommendations, if supported by evidence.

Serve as a model for countries wanting to scale up quality RDTs in the private sector

We would like your input!